

THE DAILY SENTINEL

J. MCKEEAN & BRIGHITMAN,
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MILWAUKEE:

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 25.

The Case of Senator CHAPPELL.

The News devote the two leading columns of its Sunday issue to what it calls "a calm review" of Senator CHAPPELL's case. This "calm review" is nothing more nor less, than an elaborate attempt to whitewash the guilty Senator, and to vindicate his honorable associates.

The News gets out with the assertion that the Republicans have been anxiously "seeking for victims" in the Democratic ranks, ever since the exposure of ex-Gov. Baumgard's criminal weakness and Assemblyman Waus' gross delinquency.

The Republicans had no need to seek for "victims" by way of effort to the parties named. The Report of the La Crosse Investigating Committee furnishes them by the score, and we can oppose to our late Republican Governor, a Democratic Lt. Governor, Comptroller and Speaker; and to a weak or corrupt Republican Legislator, half a dozen, at least, from the Democratic ranks. If therefore the Republicans were in need, or in search of "victims" of this kind, they could find plenty of them at hand.

The case, however, of Senator CHAPPELL is a peculiar one. He was accused, not only of being corrupted himself, but of attempting to corrupt others, and of tampering with a witness who had been called before the Land Grant Committee.—A Select Committee was raised to investigate those charges. That Committee, after patient inquiry, reported that the charges were sustained, and submitted the evidence upon which they founded their conclusions. Upon two of the most material charges twenty-one out of twenty-four Senators pronounced Mr. CHAPPELL guilty, and when the Senate, by 18 to 9 votes, voted that he was *worthy to hold a seat in that body*, it seems incredible that after such a vote, Mr. CHAPPELL could have consented to retain his seat so long. But he did. Moreover a mass meeting of the electors of Watertown, (his own constituency) without distinction of party, was held, and resolutions were unanimously adopted, requesting Mr. CHAPPELL to resign. Still he did not budge.

Lastly, the Common Council of Watertown, composed mainly of Democrats, by a vote of 7 to 6, again called upon Mr. CHAPPELL to give up the trust which he had been found "unworthy" to hold. To this, as to other like requests, Mr. CHAPPELL made no answer. But he gets the News here to come out in his defense, to rouse his accusers, to libel his judges, to mock at his constituents and to hazard this palpably false representation of the whole affair:

The whole mass of charges against Chappell,—the investigation—the majority report—and the final action of the Senate, was a personal and political movement, made for the purpose, first, of saving Senator Chappell, and secondly, the injury of the Democratic party.

The vote we have cited, 21 to 9, on the two main charges, conclusively disproves the above statement. And assuredly the Democratic party is in infinitely greater danger of being "injured" by the attempts of the News and other partisans pride to excuse Mr. CHAPPELL, merely because he is a Democrat, than from any effort of the Republicans to disgrace and punish him, or any other delinquent legislator. The People, at least, will not fail to contrast the course pursued by the News, Argus, and one or two other Democratic prints, towards Senator CHAPPELL, after he had been tried and convicted by a jury of his peers, with the language held by the entire Republican press towards Assemblyman Waus, when he had been weighed in the balance and found wanting.

No Republican paper sought to cover up his guilt, or screen him from merited exposure and punishment; and still less did any one effort him, as the News does Mr. CHAPPELL, to hold on to the seat which he had forfeited, and not to set at defiance the judgement of his fellow members, the request of his constituents and the public opinion of the entire State. If Mr. CHAPPELL—even though backed by the News—can successfully brave all these and braver this matter out, we will adjust the public views in Wisconsin to a bye word and a jest.

The Vote on the Oregon Bill.

The following was the vote in the Senate on the admission of Oregon:

Yes—Moore, Allen, Bayard, Benjamin, Bigler, Bright, Brothman, Cameron, Chandler, Clapp, Cudner, Dizon, Doubt, Douglass, Fowl, Foster, Green, Grinn, Harlan, Houston, Johnson, Ark., Johnson of Tenn., Jones, King, Polk, Pugh, Schuyler, Seward, Tenney, Steele, Timmons, Smith, Stoddard, Tracy, and Tabor—53.

No—Moore, Bass, Clay, Conover, Davis, Faribault, Fletcher, Hurlbut, Jackson, Johnson, Kennedy, Mason, Trumbull, Wade—30.

Of the 51 are Democrats, 11 Republicains and 2 Americans. Of the 50, 20 are Democratic and 2 Americans. Of the 50, 20 are Democratic and 2 Americans. The News which has so persistently misrepresented the action of the Republicans upon this bill, has not yet published the above vote. The reason is obvious.

Actions and Laws.—Whatever benefit a daily line of steamers across Lake Michigan confers to our ever active and sagacious fellow citizens D. Ball, Eng. Through his influence, the line has just been established, and the best of the routes have been chartered, and the arrangements nearly completed for a daily communication directly with the Queen City of the Badger State.—Grand Rapids, May 20.

The Forster, the first steamer of the line, is a fast and staunch boat, about the size of the Cleveland. Milwaukee should extend all possible aid and encouragement to the new line. The Detroit and Milwaukee R. R. is now completed to within 4 miles of Grand Rapids, and there is daily steamboat communication between Grand Rapids and Grand Haven. Passengers leaving Detroit in the morning, now arrive at the Haven the same evening, and, taking the Steamer Ferry, can be in Milwaukee early the next morning.

Milwaukee & Mississippi R. R.—The New York Express of Thursday last, 20th instant, says:

The earnings of the Milwaukee & Mississippi Rail Road are on the increase; from the present appearance they will not be less than \$100,000 to \$110,000 per month. The great expense of the road has been greatly reduced. The present rate of earnings insure the interest on all of its bonded debt, including the late issue of \$2 million bonds. The interest (\$60,000) due 1st of June, will be met promptly.

The Legislature.—The Badger State, Democratic paper, says:

The main business has been the revision of the Statutes, and the investigation of the frauds and corruption in the Land Grant legislation of 1850—the former an unavoidable work, and the latter done for the people. It has been protracted, however, and the total cost of \$6,000 or thereabouts, and never was the public money expended for a boisterous or more satisfactory purpose.

The Wheat and Cotton Crop in Egypt.—In the late foreign news we find a statement that the crop of Egypt is likely this year to be deficient. It was stated last autumn that the Nile had risen imperfectly, and fallen rapidly. In consequence of the inundation of the land being deflected, and of short duration, it is now stated that the grain crops in the provinces of Upper Egypt, and the cotton crops in the Delta and the eastern districts of Lower Egypt, will be deficient in quantity and poor in quality.

Prepared for the Sentinel.
Abstracts of the Principal General
Laws passed at the late Session of
the Legislature.

[Continued]

Published April 25, 1858.

CHAPTER LIV.

AN ACT to amend an entitled "An act to provide for Town Corporations," approved March 28, 1857.

The law is amended by altering the first section so as to provide that town Boards of Supervisors, when so instructed by a vote of their towns, may purchase not more than ten acres for a cemetery, and improve it for its purpose the price paid per acre not to exceed a sum voted.

Published April 24, 1858.

CHAPTER LV.

AN ACT to authorize towns in common to sue each other in certain cases.

When one town holds more than his share of the property, his co-tenant, after a demand in writing, may sue and recover his share;

to whom the jury shall award what belongs to each.

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXVI.

AN ACT to amend chapter 119 of the Revised Statutes.

The twenty-first section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXVII.

AN ACT to amend chapter 119 of the Revised Statutes.

The twenty-second section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXVIII.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The Governor, Secretary of State, and State Treasurer to let the courses. To advertise in six newspapers for three weeks for the proposals.

The contractor to do all the work of every kind, without exception, required for the Legislature and Departments, including the School Land Department.

If therefore the Republicans were in need, or in search of "effects" of this kind, they could find plenty of them at hand.

The case, however, of Senator CHAPPELL is a peculiar one. He was accused, not only of being corrupted himself, but of attempting to corrupt others, and of tampering with a witness who had been called before the Land Grant Committee.—A Select Committee was raised to investigate those charges. That Committee, after patient inquiry, reported that the charges were sustained, and submitted the evidence upon which they founded their conclusions. Upon two of the most material charges twenty-one out of twenty-four Senators pronounced Mr. CHAPPELL guilty, and when the Senate, by 18 to 9 votes, voted that he was *worthy to hold a seat in that body*, it seems incredible that after such a vote, Mr. CHAPPELL could have consented to retain his seat so long. But he did. Moreover a mass meeting of the electors of Watertown, (his own constituency) without distinction of party, was held, and resolutions were unanimously adopted, requesting Mr. CHAPPELL to resign. Still he did not budge.

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The Governor, Secretary of State, and State Treasurer to let the courses. To advertise in six newspapers for three weeks for the proposals.

The twenty-third section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXIX.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The twenty-fourth section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LX.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The twenty-fifth section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXI.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The twenty-sixth section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXII.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The twenty-seventh section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXIII.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The twenty-eighth section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXIV.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The twenty-ninth section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXV.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The thirty-first section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

CHAPTER LXVI.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The thirty-second section amended by adding

the following proviso:

"Provided that in all actions arising under the provisions of this act against towns or cities navigating the inland waters of the State exclusively, they shall be suable within three months from the cause of action shall have occurred and not after that period."

Published May 21, 1858.

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AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The thirty-third section amended by adding

the following proviso:

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Published May 21, 1858.

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CHAPTER LXIX.

AN ACT relating to the State Finance.

The thirty-fifth section amended by adding

the following proviso:

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Published May 21, 1858.

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